(b) and (c). Lands held on resumable tenures can be resumed by the Government as per the terms of the lease/old grant, by giving one month's notice to the holder of occupancy rights, on payment of due compensation for the authorised structures standing on such lands, as determined by a committee consisting of Station Commander, DEO, Garrison Engineer and a representative of Regional Controller of Defence Accounts. The occupancy holder is also given a reasonable opportunity of being heard, before deciding the amount of compensation. Occupancy holders who do not possess any other residential plot/house in the Cantonment or in the adjacent area/town etc. are given sites equivalent in area to the site resumed, subject to a maximum of 500 sq. yards and entitlement to hold land under the provisions of Urban Land (Ceiling & Regulation) Act, 1976, wherever applicable, on payment of 50% of market value thereof. No compensation is payable for the land resumed as the ownership vests in the Government.

(d) No, Sir.

(e) Does not arise.

Imports/Exports

2877. SHRI CHANDRAJEET YADAV: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) the total imports and exports, separately in terms of foreign exchange at the end of 1991 as compared to those in 1989 and 1990;

(b) the overall export performance since the two-stage or rupee devaluationin mid-1991;

(c) the major items of imports and exports during 1991;

(d) the overall tradedeficit at the end of 1991 as compared to the tradem deficit at the end of 1990; and

(e) the manner in which the Government propose to reduce the trde deficit during the current year?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI P. CHIDAMBARAM) : (a) the foreign trade data is compiled on financial year basis. The figures of India's exports and inports during 1989-90 and 1990-91, in Dollar terms, are given below:

US $ Million

	1989-90	1990-91
Exports	16626	18128
Imports	21269	24060

(b) The trade data for the financial year 1991-92 is available upto April-December, 1991. According to the provisional, estimates, India's expors to the General Currency Area (GCA) amounted to US $ 11310 million during April-December, 1991 as compared to US $ 10656 million during April-December, 1990, thereby registering a growth of 6.3%. In Rupee terms, GCA exports registered a growth of 44.4%. India's exports to the Rupee Payment Area (RPA) amounted to US $ 1333 million during April-December, 1991 as compared to US $ 2494 lllion during April-December, 1990 hereby registering a decline of 46.5%. In Rupee ters, RpA exports declined by 27.4%.

(c) The major items of imports during April-December, 1991 were, Petrolem and Petroleum Products, Fertilizers, Iron & Steel,

Pearls, precious & semi-precious stones, machinery, project goods, Organic & Inorganic chemicals, Artificial resins & plastic materials, etc. The major items of export during April-December, 1991 were Gem & Jewellery Readymade Garments, cotton yarn & fabrics, Engineering Goods, Electronics Computer Software, Chemicals & related materials, leather & manufactures, Iron ore, Marine products, processed foods, oil-meamis, cashew kernels, tea, coffee etc.

(d) The trade deficit during April-December 1991 was US $ 1628 million as compared to US$ 4832 million during April-Deceber 1990. In Rupee terms, the trade was Rs. 3906 crores duing April-December, 1991 as compared to Rs. 8535 crores during April-December, 1990.

(e) The Government introduced a package of policy reforms aied at strengthening of export incentives, elimiinating a substantial volume of import licensing and optimal import compression. These include: partial convertibility of Rupee reduction in tariff rates, removal of licensing on all impors barring a few sensitive items, strengthening of advance licensing schemes, etc. Besides, Government have taken other steps which include reducing controls through licensing, simplification of procedures for exports, activisation of Board of Trade, bilateral discussions with selected countries, interaction with national organisations of trade and industry etc.

NCC Units in Maharashtra

2878. SHRI SUDHIR SAWANT : Will the Minister of DEFENCE be pleased to state:

(a) the number of units of different NCC wings in Maharashtra:

(b) whether the Government propose to raise the number of NCC Units in all the districts of Maharashtra:

(c) if so, the details thereof; and

(d) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF DEFENCE (SHRI S. KRISHNA KUMAR): (a) Maharashtra has the following NCC Units:

Army wing	...	51
Naval wing	...	5
Air wing	...	3

(b) No, Sir.

(c) Does not arise.

(d) Raising of new units is not being considered due to paucity of resources.

[*Translation*]

Tea Production

2879. SHRI SURYA NARAYAN YADAV: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether some new areas have been selected for increasing the production of tea and coffee;

(b) if so, the details thereof, State-wise;

(c) the total amount spent so far in this regard; and

(d) the results likely to be achieved therefrom?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI P. CHIDAMBARAM): (a) to (d). Potential for ex-